CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A composition comprising:

a macromer prepared by reacting an unsaturated diacid having a carboncarbon double bond and a saturated diacid; and

a bioactive ceramic grafted to the macromer.

2. The composition of claim 1 wherein: the unsaturated diacid having a carbon-carbon double bond is fumaric acid.

3. The composition of claim 2 wherein:

the saturated diacid is selected from diacids compatible with fumaric acid and poly(propylene fumarate).

4. The composition of claim 3 wherein:

the saturated diacid is selected from succinic acid, glutaric acid, adipic acid, pimelic acid, suberic acid, azelaic acid, sebacic acid and mixtures thereof.

- 5. The composition of claim 2 wherein: the bioactive ceramic is hydroxyapatite.
- 6. The composition of claim 5 wherein: the hydroxyapatite is grafted to the macromer by way of silicate groups.
- 7. The composition of claim 1 wherein:

the macromer is prepared by reacting the unsaturated diacid having a carbon-carbon double bond, the saturated diacid, and a silane coupling agent.

8. The composition of claim 7 wherein: the unsaturated diacid having a carbon-carbon double bond is fumaric acid,

the saturated diacid is selected from diacids compatible with fumaric acid and poly(propylene fumarate), and

the silane coupling agent is a dihalodialkylsilane.

9. The composition of claim 8 wherein:

the saturated diacid is selected from succinic acid, glutaric acid, adipic acid, pimelic acid, suberic acid, azelaic acid, sebacic acid and mixtures thereof.

10. The composition of claim 7 wherein:

the macromer is prepared by reacting the unsaturated diacid having a carbon-carbon double bond, the saturated diacid, the silane coupling agent, and an ester of the saturated diacid.

11. The composition of claim 10 wherein:

the saturated diacid is adipic acid, the silane coupling agent is a dichlorodimethylsilane, and the ester is a monomethyl ester of adipic acid.

12. The composition of claim 10 wherein:

the bioactive ceramic comprises hydroxyapatite particles having a particle size of less than 10,000 nanometers.

13. A composition comprising:

a macromer including silane units, units derived from an unsaturated diacid having a carbon-carbon double bond, and units derived from a saturated diacid; and

a bioactive ceramic grafted to the macromer.

14. The composition of claim 13 wherein:

the macromer includes silane units, fumarate units, and units derived from a saturated diacid, and

the bioactive ceramic is hydroxyapatite.

15. The composition of claim 13 wherein:

the macromer includes silane units, fumarate units, and adipate units, and the bioactive ceramic is hydroxyapatite.

16. The composition of claim 13 wherein:

the bioactive ceramic is hydroxyapatite.

17. The composition of claim 16 wherein:

the hydroxyapatite is grafted to the macromer by way of silicate groups.

- 18. A biodegradable composite comprising:
- (a) a polymeric matrix; and
- (b) the composition of any of claims 1 to 17 crosslinked to the matrix.
- 19. The composite of claim 18 wherein: the matrix has a carbon-carbon double bond.
- 20. The composite of claim 19 wherein: the matrix comprises poly(propylene fumarate).
- 21. The composite of claim 18 wherein: the composite is suitable as a scaffold for tissue regeneration.
- 22. The composite of claim 21 wherein: the tissue is bone.

23. A crosslinkable, biodegradable material comprising: a polymer having a carbon-carbon double bond; the composition of any of claims 1 to 17, and a crosslinking agent for crosslinking the polymer and the composition.

- 24. The material of claim 23 wherein: the polymer comprises poly(propylene fumarate).
- 25. The material of claim 24 wherein: the crosslinking agent is a free radical initiator.